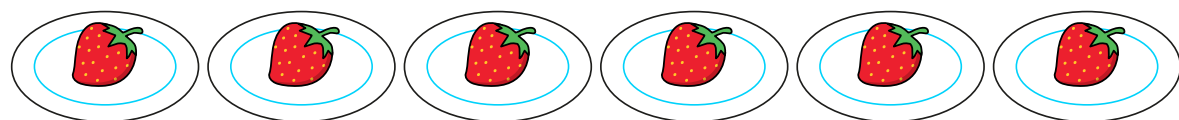


# Multiply by 1 and 0

- 1 Write a multiplication to work out the total number of strawberries.



$$\boxed{6} \times \boxed{1} = \boxed{6}$$

2



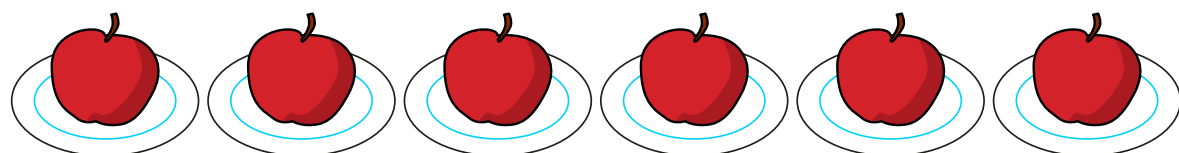
a) How many flowers are in each vase?  $\boxed{0}$

b) How many flowers are there in total?

Complete the calculation.

$$\boxed{8} \times \boxed{0} = \boxed{0}$$

- 3 Circle the calculation that works out the number of apples.



$$6 \times 0$$

$$\boxed{6 \times 1}$$

$$6 \times 2$$

- 4 How many marbles are there in total?



$$\boxed{1} \times \boxed{8} = \boxed{8}$$

- 5 Complete the calculations.

a)  $3 \times 1 = \boxed{3}$

e)  $1 \times \boxed{4} = 4$

b)  $1 \times 3 = \boxed{3}$

f)  $1 \times \boxed{14} = 14$

c)  $7 \times 1 = \boxed{7}$

g)  $12 \times \boxed{0} = 0$

d)  $7 \times \boxed{0} = 0$

i)  $1 \times \boxed{31} = 31$

- 6 What could the missing number be?

$$0 \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 0$$

Explain how you know.

Anything. Any number multiplied by 0 is equal to 0



- 7 a) Circle all the calculations that have an answer of zero.

$39 \times 1$        $95 \times 0$        $178 \times 0$   
 $4 \times 1$        $0 \times 16$   
 $8 \times 0$        $0 \times 0$        $42 \times 1$

- b) How did you work out which calculations to circle?

There was a 0 in the calculation.

- 8 Eva and Mo are working out some multiplication problems.

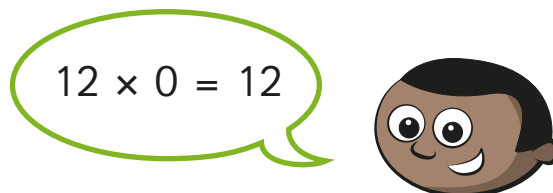
a)



What mistake has Eva made?

She has added 1 and 8

b)



What mistake has Mo made?

He has multiplied 12 by 1 not 0

Talk about your answers with a partner.

- 9 Work out these multiplications.

a)  $2 \times 1 =$  2

b)  $8 \times 1 =$  8

$1 \times 4 =$  4

$8 \times 1 \times 2 =$  16

$2 \times 4 \times 1 =$  8

$8 \times 1 \times 3 =$  24

What pattern do you notice in each part?

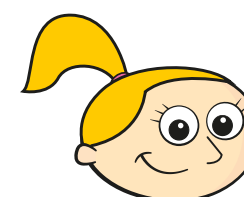
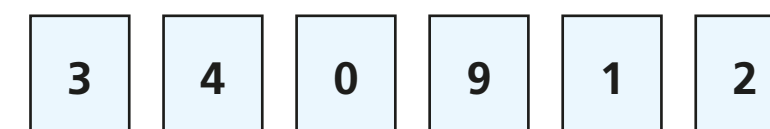
Talk about it with a partner.

- c) What multiplication would come next in part b)?

8  $\times$  1  $\times$  4  $=$  32

- 10 Eva and Dexter have 6 digit cards.

They multiply them all together.



I multiplied the numbers from left to right.

I knew the answer without multiplying the numbers one by one.



What could Dexter's method be?

Talk about it with a partner.

# Divide by 1 and itself

- 1 Annie has 5 cookies and some plates.



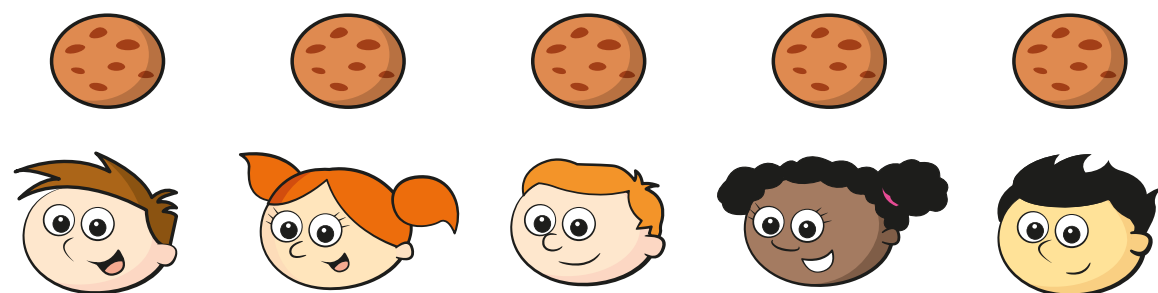
She wants to put 1 cookie on each plate.

- a) How many plates will she need?

- b) Complete the calculation.

$$\boxed{5} \div \boxed{1} = \boxed{5}$$

- 2 Annie has 5 more cookies.



She has 5 friends.

She shares the cookies equally between her 5 friends.

- a) How many cookies does each child get?

- b) Complete the calculation.

$$\boxed{5} \div \boxed{5} = \boxed{1}$$

- 3 a) Complete the calculations.

$$8 \times 1 = \boxed{8}$$

$$13 \times 1 = \boxed{13}$$

$$20 \times 1 = \boxed{20}$$

$$8 \div 1 = \boxed{8}$$

$$13 \div 1 = \boxed{13}$$

$$20 \div 1 = \boxed{20}$$

- b) What do you notice about multiplying and dividing by 1?

You get the same answer.

- c) Use what you have noticed to complete these calculations.

$$7 \times 1 = 7 \div \boxed{1}$$

$$10 \div 1 = 10 \times \boxed{1}$$

$$\boxed{18} \times 1 = 18 \div 1$$

- 4 Tick all the cards that have an answer of 1

$$\boxed{7 \div 1}$$

$$\boxed{10 \div 10} \checkmark$$

$$\boxed{5 \div 1}$$

$$\boxed{9 \div 9} \checkmark$$

$$\boxed{18 \div 18} \checkmark$$

$$\boxed{10 \div 2}$$

$$\boxed{6 \div 1}$$

$$\boxed{1 \times 1} \checkmark$$

$$\boxed{17 \div 1}$$

How do you know if a division has an answer of 1?



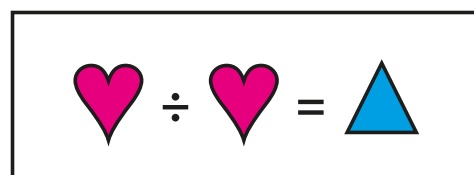
5 Write  $>$ ,  $<$  or  $=$  to compare the calculations.

- a)  $4 \times 0$   $<$   $5 \div 1$       d)  $13 \div 1$   $>$   $31 \times 0$   
 b)  $24 \times 1$   $=$   $24 \div 1$       e)  $8 \div 8$   $=$   $9 \div 9$   
 c)  $1 \times 9$   $=$   $9 \div 1$       f)  $10 \div 1$   $>$   $10 \div 10$

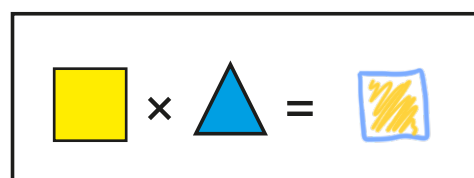
6 Work out these calculations.

- a)  $8 \div 4 \div 1 =$  2  
 b)  $25 \div 1 \div 5 =$  5  
 c)  $9 \times 4 \div 1 =$  36  
 d)  $12 \div 1 \times 4 =$  48

7



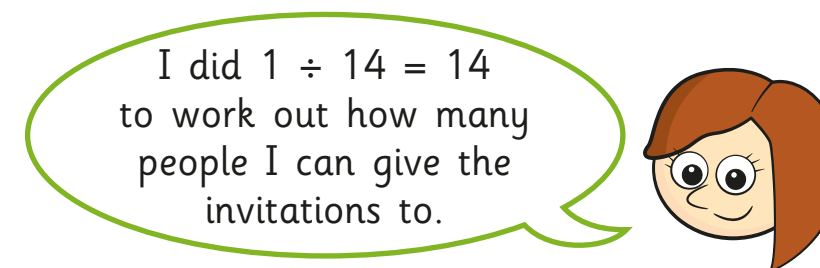
Complete this calculation.



How did you work this out?

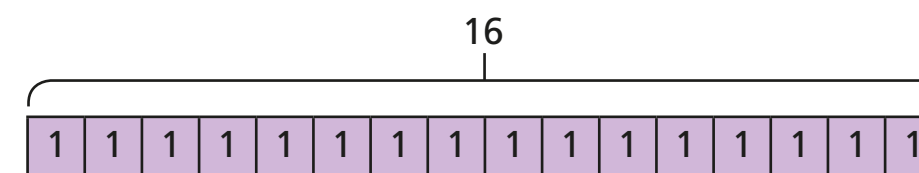
8 Rosie has 14 birthday invitations.

She wants to give them out to children in her class.  
Each child will get 1 invitation each.

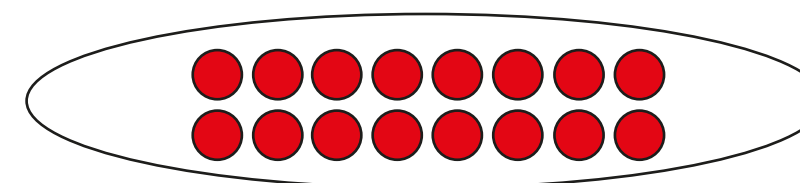


What mistake has Rosie made?

9 Explain how each image shows  $16 \div 1$



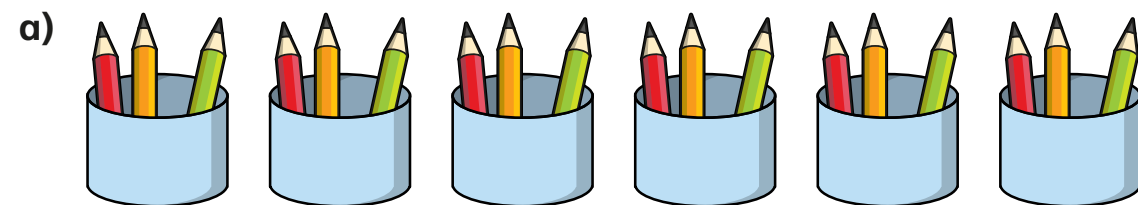
16 grouped into 1s



16 shared into 1 group

# Multiply by 3

1 Complete the sentences.

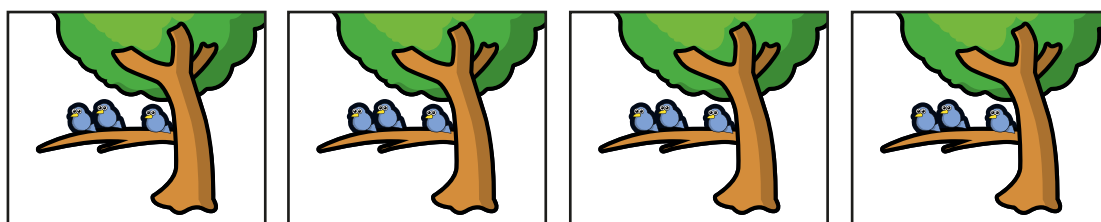


There are  equal groups of

$$\boxed{3} + \boxed{3} + \boxed{3} + \boxed{3} + \boxed{3} + \boxed{3} = \boxed{18}$$

$$\boxed{6} \times \boxed{3} = \boxed{18}$$

b)

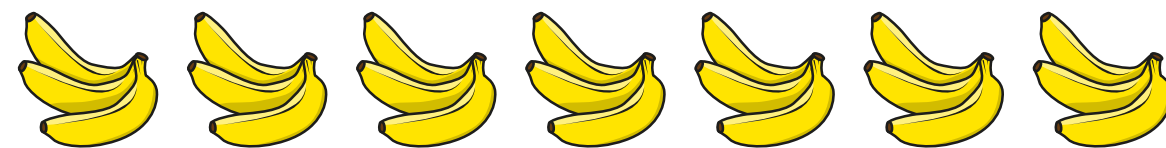


There are  equal groups of

$$\boxed{12} = \boxed{3} + \boxed{3} + \boxed{3} + \boxed{3}$$

$$\boxed{12} = \boxed{4} \times \boxed{3}$$

c)



There are  equal groups of

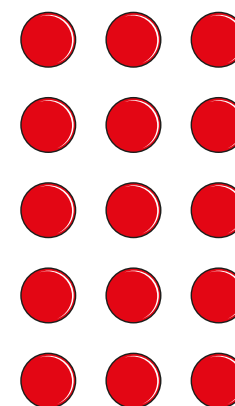
$$\boxed{3} + \boxed{3} + \boxed{3} + \boxed{3} + \boxed{3} + \boxed{3} + \boxed{3} = \boxed{21}$$

$$\boxed{7} \times \boxed{3} = \boxed{21}$$

Could you write the number sentences in a different way?

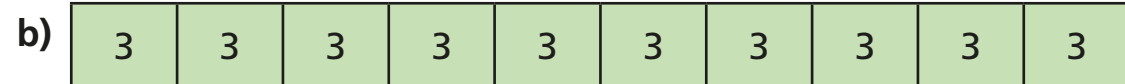
2 Write two multiplication sentences for each part of the question.

a)



$$\boxed{3} \times \boxed{5} = \boxed{15}$$

$$\boxed{5} \times \boxed{3} = \boxed{15}$$



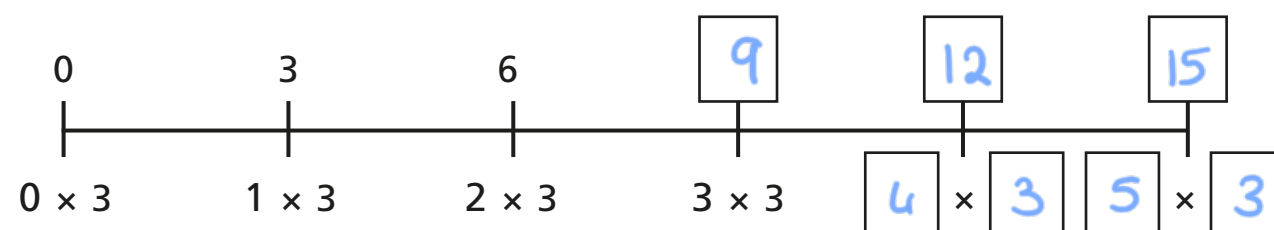
$$10 \times 3 = 30$$

$$3 \times 10 = 30$$

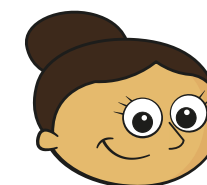
3 Complete the diagram.

<p>Number story</p> <p>E.g. There are 6 plates with 3 cupcakes on each plate.</p>	<p>Bar model</p>
<p><math>6 \times 3 = 18</math></p>	
<p>Addition sentence</p> <p><math>3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 = 18</math></p>	<p>Draw it</p>

4 Complete the number line.



5



6 lots of 3  
is 6 more than  
5 lots of 3

Do you agree with Dora? NO

Explain why.

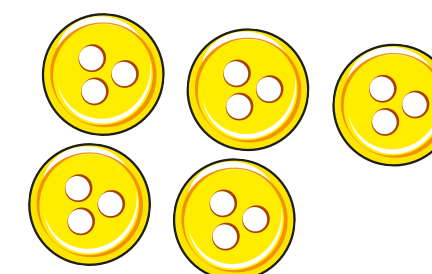
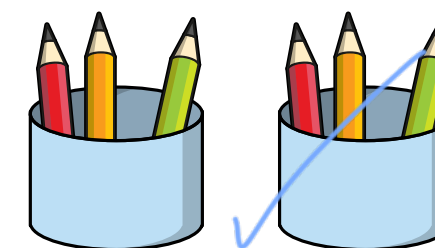
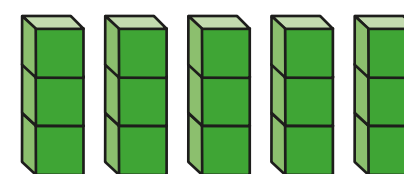
$$6 \times 3 = 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3$$

$$5 \times 3 = 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 \text{ so its 3 more.}$$

6 Which is the odd one out?

Tick your answer.

E.g.



Explain your answer.

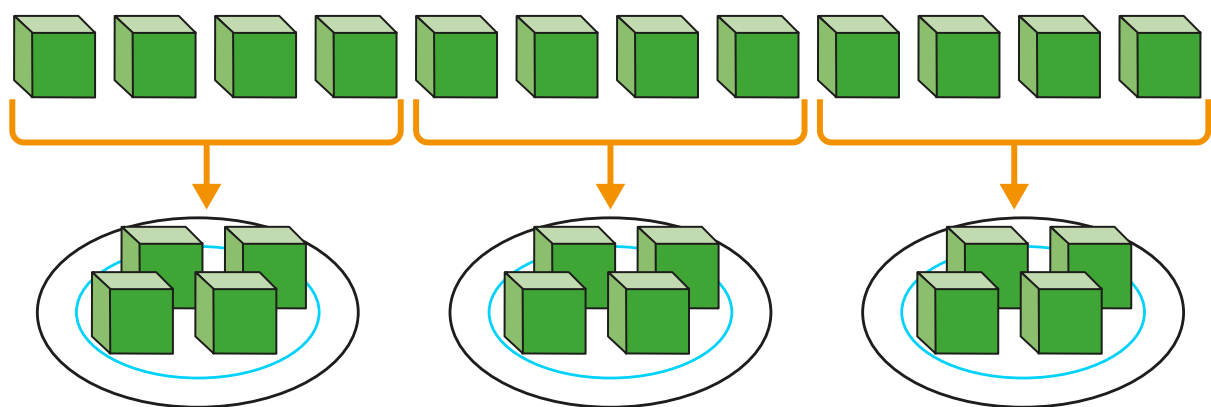
It shows  $2 \times 3$ , the others show  $5 \times 3$  or  $3 \times 5$

Is there more than one answer?

# Divide by 3



1



Complete the sentences.

There are 12 cubes.

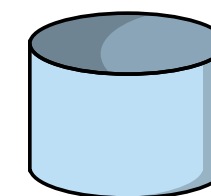
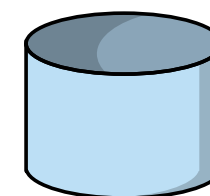
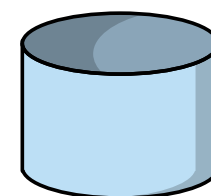
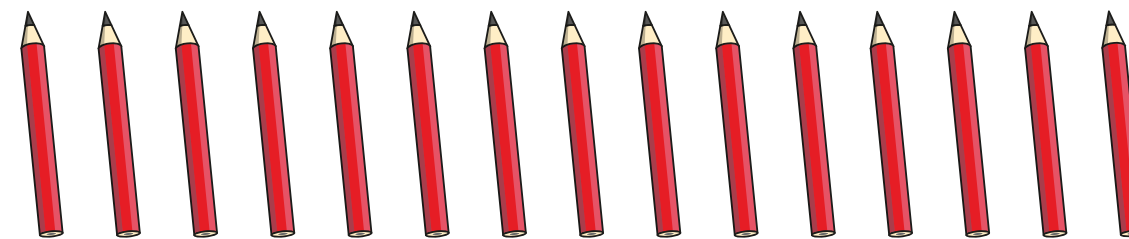
There are  plates.

Each plate has  cubes.

12 divided into  equal groups is

2 Mo has 15 pencils.

He shares them equally into 3 pots.

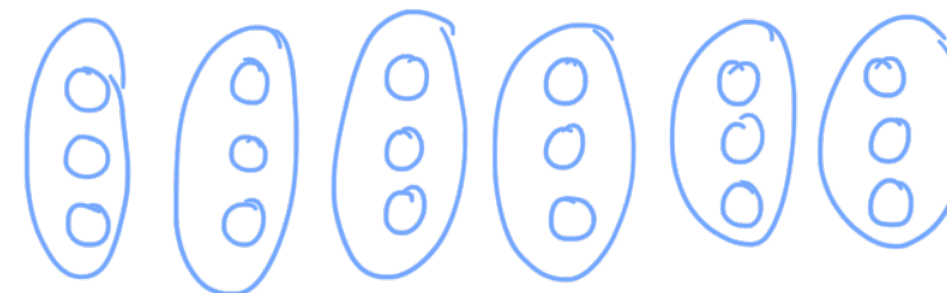


How many pencils will there be in each pot?

There will be  pencils in each pot.

3 Divide 18 counters into groups of 3 counters.

Draw a picture to show what this would look like.



How many groups did you draw?



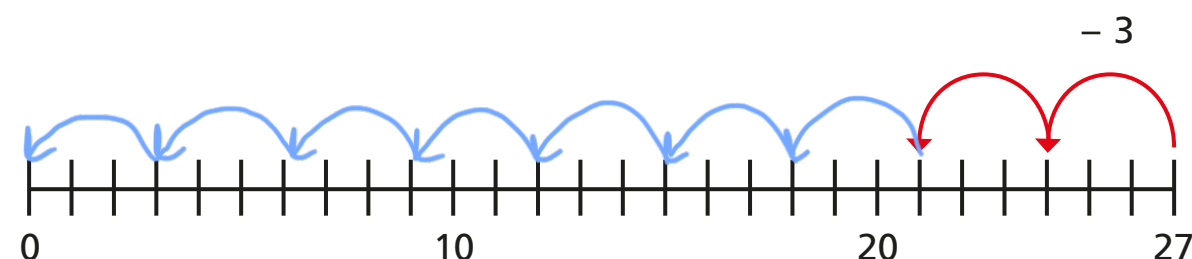
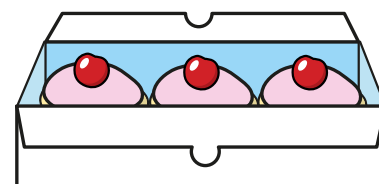


4 There are 27 cakes.

A box can hold 3 cakes.

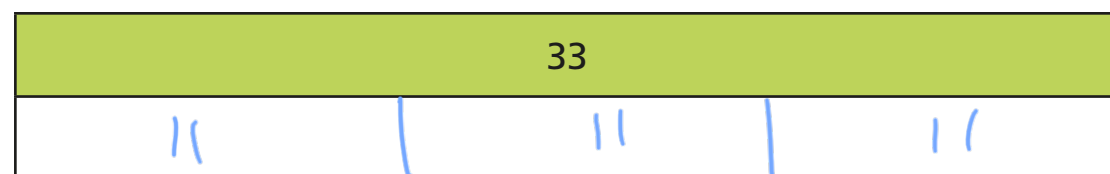
How many boxes of 3 cakes can be filled?

Use the number line to help you.



9 boxes of 3 cakes can be filled.

5 Complete the bar model for the division  $33 \div 3 = 11$



Is there more than one way to do this?

6 Complete the division statements for each problem.

a) Esther has 21 balloons.

She puts them into 3 party bags.

How many balloons are in each party bag?

$$21 \div 3 = 7$$

b) Nijah has 36 apples.

In each box there are 3 apples.

How many boxes are there?

$$36 \div 3 = 12$$

c) 24 children stand in groups of 3

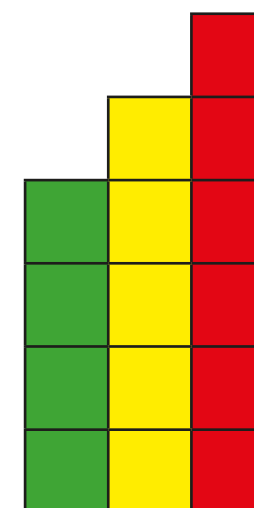
How many groups are there?

$$24 \div 3 = 8$$

7 Numbers that follow each other when you count are called consecutive numbers.

Three consecutive numbers can form a staircase.

Here is 4, 5 and 6



When you add three consecutive numbers, the total can always be divided equally by 3

Is this statement correct?

Talk about it with a partner.